

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 201

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. laughs                      C. cooks                      D. finds  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. children                      B. advice                      C. hobby                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. different                      B. important                      C. impressive                      D. attractive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. didn't it                      C. doesn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. were                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. would be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. although                      B. despite                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. giving                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. given
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put off                      C. take on                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. pressure                      B. stress                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. daisy                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                      B. messy                      C. artificial                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                      B. parched                      C. dry                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Would you like something for dessert?                      B. Excuse me. Is this seat free?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Yes, it sure is.                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. who                      B. which                      C. whom                      D. when  
Question 27: A. number                      B. finding                      C. figure                      D. factor  
Question 28: A. other                      B. one                      C. those                      D. these  
Question 29: A. however                      B. therefore                      C. moreover                      D. otherwise  
Question 30: A. view                      B. knowledge                      C. understanding                      D. opinion

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality  
B. America’s Trash is Asia’s Cash  
C. Industry in Asia  
D. The Problems of E-waste

Question 32: The word “it” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials  
B. electronic equipment  
C. industrialized nation  
D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word “hazardous” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. harmful  
B. safe  
C. innovative  
D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries  
B. cause health and environmental problems  
C. be done easily with protection  
D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to “bad luck” or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one’s successes to personal factors and one’s failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures. To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don’t always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.



**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

**--Hết --**

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không tính thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 202

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. learns                      C. looks                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. furious

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. generate                      B. familiar                      C. assignment                      D. pollutant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to open                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. have come                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. came
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain **neutral** while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. objective                      B. positive                      C. negative                      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major **impediment** to its economic development.

- A. obstacle                      B. assistance                      C. impetus                      D. encouragement

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is **obliged** to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. urged                      B. free                      C. required                      D. suggested

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just **made light of** it.

- A. completely ignored                      B. treated as important                      C. disagreed with                      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to                      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so                      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish                      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead                      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for                      B. if                      C. by                      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when                      B. which                      C. what                      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. They should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from "Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doses
- B. vitamins
- C. minerals
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. play the role of
- B. pretend to be
- C. fight for
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.





*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- B. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 203

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. looks                      C. learns                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. furious                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. punctual

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. children                      B. advice                      C. hobby                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. impressive                      B. important                      C. different                      D. attractive

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. doesn't it                      B. didn't it                      C. does it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. for                      C. with                      D. at
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. would be                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. were
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. despite                      B. although                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. given                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. giving
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. take on                      C. put off                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. stress                      B. pressure                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. orchid                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. daisy

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. artificial                      B. messy                      C. pure                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                      B. parched                      C. dry                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. wanted to continue                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                      D. changed his decision

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Excuse me. Is this seat free?                      B. Would you like something for dessert?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Yes, it sure is.                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. by                      B. if                      C. for                      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when                      B. what                      C. which                      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality
- B. America’s Trash is Asia’s Cash
- C. The Problems of E-waste
- D. Industry in Asia

Question 32: The word “it” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials
- B. electronic equipment
- C. industrialized nation
- D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word “hazardous” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. innovative
- B. safe
- C. harmful
- D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries
- B. cause health and environmental problems
- C. be done easily with protection
- D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.
- B. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.
- C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.
- D. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to “bad luck” or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one’s successes to personal factors and one’s failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures. To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don’t always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.



*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 204

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. finds                      C. cooks                      D. laughs  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. peach                      C. seat                      D. head

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. children                      B. habit                      C. hobby                      D. advice  
Question 4: A. impressive                      B. important                      C. different                      D. attractive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. the                      B. an                      C. a                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. to open                      C. being opened                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. came                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. have come
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. until I was coming home  
C. as soon as I come home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidant                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidential
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. light-hearted                      C. soft-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.  
A. negative      B. positive      C. objective      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.  
A. encouragement      B. assistance      C. impetus      D. obstacle

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

A. free      B. urged      C. required      D. suggested

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

A. disagreed with      B. completely ignored      C. treated as important      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

A. I couldn't agree more      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I'd love to

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. from      B. if      C. by      D. for  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. what      B. which      C. when      D. how  
Question 29: A. Paying      B. Paid      C. Pay      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from "Ten steps to advanced reading" by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

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B. America's Trash is Asia's Cash  
C. The Problems of E-waste  
D. Industry in Asia

Question 32: The word "it" in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials  
B. safety regulation  
C. industrialized nation  
D. electronic equipment

Question 33: The word "hazardous" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. profitable  
B. safe  
C. innovative  
D. harmful

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries  
B. cause health and environmental problems  
C. be done easily with protection  
D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. procedure
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. interference

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- C. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- B. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh: .....

Số báo danh: .....

Mã đề: 205

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. finds                      C. cooks                      D. laughs  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. lesson                      C. review                      D. study  
Question 4: A. generate                      B. familiar                      C. assignment                      D. pollutant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. doesn't it                      C. didn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. would be                      B. am                      C. were                      D. will be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. despite                      B. although                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. given                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. giving
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put on                      C. take on                      D. put off
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. stress                      B. pressure                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. poppy                      B. daisy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid









Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

—Hết—

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 206**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. learns                      C. looks                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. furious                      D. frustrate

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. assignment                      B. familiar                      C. generate                      D. pollutant

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. the                      C. an                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to be opened                      D. to open
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. came                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. have come
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. heart                      B. soul                      C. spirit                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. make ends meet                      C. turn the page                      D. tie the knot

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. objective      B. positive      C. negative      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.

- A. impetus      B. assistance      C. obstacle      D. encouragement

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. dry      B. parched      C. moist      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for      B. if      C. by      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when      B. which      C. what      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay      B. Paid      C. Paying      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.*

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. **They** should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to **act as** a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

*(Adapted from Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)*

**Question 31:** Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

**Question 32:** The word "**They**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. vitamins
- B. doses
- C. minerals
- D. mechanisms

**Question 33:** According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

**Question 34:** The phrase "**act as**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. pretend to be
- B. play the role of
- C. fight for
- D. attest to the fact that

**Question 35:** Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.*

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a **hindrance**, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from "TOEFL Practice Test 2009")

**Question 36:** This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

**Question 37:** The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. interference
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

**Question 38:** The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. contrast effect
- C. halo effect
- D. cognitive effect

**Question 39:** According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

**Question 40:** Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.

**Question 41:** The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

**Question 42:** The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

**Question 43:** The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

**Question 44:** So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

**Question 45:** The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.

—Hết —

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 207**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. finds                      B. laughs                      C. cooks                      D. helps  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. children                      B. hobby                      C. advice                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. different                      B. important                      C. impressive                      D. attractive

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to open                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. have come                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. came
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 20:** American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                                      B. messy                                      C. artificial                                      D. stable

**Question 21:** Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                                      B. negatively                                      C. greatly                                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 22:** Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                                      B. parched                                      C. dry                                      D. cold

**Question 23:** Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision                                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                                      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

**Question 24:** A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Would you like something for dessert?                                      B. Excuse me. Is this seat free?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                                      D. Have you booked in advance?

**Question 25:** Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. Yes, it sure is.                                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26:** A. who                                      B. which                                      C. whom                                      D. when  
**Question 27:** A. number                                      B. finding                                      C. figure                                      D. factor  
**Question 28:** A. other                                      B. one                                      C. those                                      D. these  
**Question 29:** A. however                                      B. therefore                                      C. moreover                                      D. otherwise  
**Question 30:** A. view                                      B. knowledge                                      C. understanding                                      D. opinion



Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. **They** should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to **act as** a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from "Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "**They**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doses
- B. minerals
- C. vitamins
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "**act as**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. fight for
- B. pretend to be
- C. play the role of
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to "bad luck" or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one's successes to personal factors and one's failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to **disavow** their failures.



*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- D. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 208**

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. looks                      B. starts                      C. learns                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. furious

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. familiar                      B. pollutant                      C. assignment                      D. generate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. didn't it                      C. doesn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. were                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. would be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. although                      B. despite                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. giving                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. given
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put off                      C. take on                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. pressure                      B. stress                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. daisy                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 20:** American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. artificial                      B. messy                      C. pure                      D. stable

**Question 21:** Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 22:** In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. urged                      B. suggested                      C. required                      D. free

**Question 23:** Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

- A. completely ignored                      B. treated as important                      C. disagreed with                      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

**Question 24:** Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to                      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so                      D. I couldn't agree more

**Question 25:** Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, let me check it                      B. No, of course  
C. Yes, please do as you wish                      D. No, go ahead

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26:** A. for                      B. if                      C. by                      D. from  
**Question 27:** A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
**Question 28:** A. when                      B. which                      C. what                      D. how  
**Question 29:** A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
**Question 30:** A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from "Ten steps to advanced reading" by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality  
B. America's Trash is Asia's Cash  
C. Industry in Asia  
D. The Problems of E-waste

Question 32: The word "it" in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials  
B. electronic equipment  
C. industrialized nation  
D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word "hazardous" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. safe  
B. harmful  
C. innovative  
D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries  
B. cause health and environmental problems  
C. be done easily with protection  
D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate

in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. procedure
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. interference

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. cognitive effect
- B. primacy effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- B. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- B. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- C. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

**--Hết --**

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....



Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 209**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. laughs                      C. cooks                      D. finds  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. children                      B. advice                      C. hobby                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. different                      B. important                      C. impressive                      D. attractive

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. didn't it                      C. doesn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. were                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. would be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. although                      B. despite                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. giving                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. given
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put off                      C. take on                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. pressure                      B. stress                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. daisy                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                                      B. messy                                      C. artificial                                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                                      B. negatively                                      C. greatly                                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                                      B. parched                                      C. dry                                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision                                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                                      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Would you like something for dessert?                                      B. Excuse me. Is this seat free?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Yes, it sure is.                                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. who                                      B. which                                      C. whom                                      D. when  
Question 27: A. number                                      B. finding                                      C. figure                                      D. factor  
Question 28: A. other                                      B. one                                      C. those                                      D. these  
Question 29: A. however                                      B. therefore                                      C. moreover                                      D. otherwise  
Question 30: A. view                                      B. knowledge                                      C. understanding                                      D. opinion

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality
- B. America’s Trash is Asia’s Cash
- C. Industry in Asia
- D. The Problems of E-waste

Question 32: The word “it” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials
- B. electronic equipment
- C. industrialized nation
- D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word “hazardous” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. harmful
- B. safe
- C. innovative
- D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries
- B. cause health and environmental problems
- C. be done easily with protection
- D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.
- B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.
- C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.
- D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to “bad luck” or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one’s successes to personal factors and one’s failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures. To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don’t always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.



**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 210

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. learns                      C. looks                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. furious

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. generate                      B. familiar                      C. assignment                      D. pollutant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to open                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. have come                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. came
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain **neutral** while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. objective      B. positive      C. negative      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major **impediment** to its economic development.

- A. obstacle      B. assistance      C. impetus      D. encouragement

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is **obliged** to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. urged      B. free      C. required      D. suggested

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just **made light of** it.

- A. completely ignored      B. treated as important      C. disagreed with      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for      B. if      C. by      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when      B. which      C. what      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay      B. Paid      C. Paying      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. They should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from "Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doses
- B. vitamins
- C. minerals
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. play the role of
- B. pretend to be
- C. fight for
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.



Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from "TOEFL Practice Test 2009")

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. interference
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- B. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 211**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. looks                      C. learns                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. furious                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. punctual

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. children                      B. advice                      C. hobby                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. impressive                      B. important                      C. different                      D. attractive

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. doesn't it                      B. didn't it                      C. does it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. for                      C. with                      D. at
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. would be                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. were
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. despite                      B. although                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. given                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. giving
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. take on                      C. put off                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. stress                      B. pressure                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. orchid                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. daisy

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. artificial                      B. messy                      C. pure                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                      B. parched                      C. dry                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. wanted to continue                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                      D. changed his decision

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Excuse me. Is this seat free?                      B. Would you like something for dessert?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Yes, it sure is.                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. by                      B. if                      C. for                      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when                      B. what                      C. which                      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship **it** to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in **hazardous** wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality
- B. America’s Trash is Asia’s Cash
- C. The Problems of E-waste
- D. Industry in Asia

Question 32: The word “**it**” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials
- B. electronic equipment
- C. industrialized nation
- D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word “**hazardous**” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. innovative
- B. safe
- C. harmful
- D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries
- B. cause health and environmental problems
- C. be done easily with protection
- D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.
- B. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.
- C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.
- D. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to “bad luck” or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one’s successes to personal factors and one’s failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to **disavow** their failures. To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don’t always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.



*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

—Hết—

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 212

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. finds                      C. cooks                      D. laughs  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. peach                      C. seat                      D. head

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. children                      B. habit                      C. hobby                      D. advice  
Question 4: A. impressive                      B. important                      C. different                      D. attractive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. the                      B. an                      C. a                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. to open                      C. being opened                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. came                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. have come
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. until I was coming home  
C. as soon as I come home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidant                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidential
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. light-hearted                      C. soft-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. negative      B. positive      C. objective      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.

- A. encouragement      B. assistance      C. impetus      D. obstacle

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. free      B. urged      C. required      D. suggested

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

- A. disagreed with      B. completely ignored      C. treated as important      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I couldn't agree more      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I'd love to

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. from      B. if      C. by      D. for  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. what      B. which      C. when      D. how  
Question 29: A. Paying      B. Paid      C. Pay      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator



The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. procedure
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. interference

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- C. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- B. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.

—Hết—

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 213

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. finds                      C. cooks                      D. laughs  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. lesson                      C. review                      D. study  
Question 4: A. generate                      B. familiar                      C. assignment                      D. pollutant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. doesn't it                      C. didn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. would be                      B. am                      C. were                      D. will be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. despite                      B. although                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. given                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. giving
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put on                      C. take on                      D. put off
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. stress                      B. pressure                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. poppy                      B. daisy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                                      B. messy                                      C. artificial                                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                                      B. greatly                                      C. negatively                                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                                      B. parched                                      C. dry                                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. wanted to continue                                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                                      D. changed his decision

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to                                      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so                                      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish                                      B. No, go ahead  
C. No, of course                                      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. whom                                      B. which                                      C. who                                      D. when  
Question 27: A. number                                      B. finding                                      C. figure                                      D. factor  
Question 28: A. those                                      B. one                                      C. other                                      D. these  
Question 29: A. however                                      B. therefore                                      C. moreover                                      D. otherwise  
Question 30: A. view                                      B. knowledge                                      C. opinion                                      D. understanding

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.*

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

**Question 31:** Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality                      B. America’s Trash is Asia’s Cash  
C. Industry in Asia    D. The Problems of E-waste

**Question 32:** The word “it” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. electronic equipment                                      B. recycling materials  
C. industrialized nation                                      D. safety regulation

**Question 33:** The word “hazardous” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. harmful    B. safe    C. innovative                                      D. profitable

**Question 34:** According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries              B. be done easily with protection  
C. cause health and environmental problems              D. be profitable in industrialized nations

**Question 35:** Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.*

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. assistance
- B. interference
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: Guilliver's Travels were my favourite book when I was a kid.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: When taking part in winter sports, one should wear clothing that is lightweight, warmth, and

- A
- B
- C

suitable for the activity.

D

Question 45: In order to end the dispute, we need some impartial advice from an uninterested third party.

- A
- B
- C
- D



*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 214

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. learns                      C. looks                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. furious                      D. frustrate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. assignment                      B. familiar                      C. generate                      D. pollutant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. the                      C. an                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to be opened                      D. to open
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. came                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. have come
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. heart                      B. soul                      C. spirit                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. make ends meet                      C. turn the page                      D. tie the knot

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. objective      B. positive      C. negative      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.

- A. impetus      B. assistance      C. obstacle      D. encouragement

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. dry      B. parched      C. moist      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for      B. if      C. by      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when      B. which      C. what      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay      B. Paid      C. Paying      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. They should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. vitamins
- B. doses
- C. minerals
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. pretend to be
- B. play the role of
- C. fight for
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from "TOEFL Practice Test 2009")

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. interference
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. contrast effect
- C. halo effect
- D. cognitive effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A                      B                      C                      D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A                      B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C                      D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A                      B                      C                      D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.

—Hết —

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 215**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. finds                      B. laughs                      C. cooks                      D. helps  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. children                      B. hobby                      C. advice                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. different                      B. important                      C. impressive                      D. attractive

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to open                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. have come                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. came
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                      B. messy                      C. artificial                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                      B. parched                      C. dry                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Would you like something for dessert?                      B. Excuse me. Is this seat free?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Yes, it sure is.                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. who                      B. which                      C. whom                      D. when  
Question 27: A. number                      B. finding                      C. figure                      D. factor  
Question 28: A. other                      B. one                      C. those                      D. these  
Question 29: A. however                      B. therefore                      C. moreover                      D. otherwise  
Question 30: A. view                      B. knowledge                      C. understanding                      D. opinion



Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. They should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from "Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doses
- B. minerals
- C. vitamins
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. fight for
- B. pretend to be
- C. play the role of
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to "bad luck" or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one's successes to personal factors and one's failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures.

To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don't always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.

Although the self-serving bias has been documented in a variety of cultures, it seems to be prevalent in individualistic Western societies, such as in North America and Europe, where the emphasis on competition and high self-esteem motivates people to try to impress others as well as themselves. In contrast, Japanese subjects exhibit a *self-effacing bias* in explaining success, as they tend to attribute their successes to the help they receive from others or to the ease of the task, while downplaying the importance of their ability. When they fail, Japanese subjects are more self-critical than subjects from individualistic cultures. They are more likely to accept responsibility for their failures and to use their setbacks as an impetus for self-improvement. Studies have also failed to find the Western self-serving bias in Nepalese and Chinese samples.

(Adapted from "Psychology applied to modern life: Adjustment in the 21<sup>st</sup> century" by Wayne Weiten and Margaret Lloyd)

Question 36: Which is the most suitable title for the passage?

- A. People's Attitudes towards Success and Failure
- B. The Japanese and Self-effacing Bias
- C. Westerners and Self-serving Bias
- D. How People Take Credit for Success

Question 37: The word "disavow" in paragraph 2 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. believe in
- B. deny responsibility for
- C. doubt the truth of
- D. promise to correct

Question 38: According to paragraph 2, what happened in the experiment where participants were friends?

- A. Participants blamed their partners for failure.
- B. Participants rushed to take credit.
- C. Participants didn't claim success.
- D. Self-serving bias was less obvious.

Question 39: The word "they" in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Japanese subjects
- B. Western subjects
- C. Western societies
- D. successes

Question 40: The word "impetus" in paragraph 3 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a force that encourages an action
- B. something that delays a process
- C. a new idea or method
- D. a powerful impact

Question 41: According to the passage, Japanese people tend to attribute their success to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. high self-esteem
- B. a strong desire for self-improvement
- C. the assistance received from others
- D. their own superior skills

Question 42: Which statement is TRUE, according to the passage?

- A. Japanese society places responsibility for success or failure on the individual, rather than on the group.
- B. Western societies place little value upon friendship.
- C. Modesty is generally valued in some Asian societies.
- D. The lower one's self-esteem, the more likely one is to blame situational factors for one's failure.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

A B C D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

A B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

C D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

A B C D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- D. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 216**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. looks                      B. starts                      C. learns                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. furious

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. familiar                      B. pollutant                      C. assignment                      D. generate

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. didn't it                      C. doesn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. were                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. would be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. although                      B. despite                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. giving                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. given
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put off                      C. take on                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. pressure                      B. stress                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. daisy                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. artificial                      B. messy                      C. pure                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. urged                      B. suggested                      C. required                      D. free

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

- A. completely ignored                      B. treated as important                      C. disagreed with                      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to                      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so                      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, let me check it                      B. No, of course  
C. Yes, please do as you wish                      D. No, go ahead

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for                      B. if                      C. by                      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when                      B. which                      C. what                      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator



in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. procedure
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. interference

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. cognitive effect
- B. primacy effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- B. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- B. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- C. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

**---Hết---**

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....



Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 217**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. laughs                      C. cooks                      D. finds  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. children                      B. advice                      C. hobby                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. different                      B. important                      C. impressive                      D. attractive

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. didn't it                      C. doesn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. were                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. would be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. although                      B. despite                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. giving                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. given
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put off                      C. take on                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. pressure                      B. stress                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. daisy                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                      B. messy                      C. artificial                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                      B. parched                      C. dry                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Would you like something for dessert?                      B. Excuse me. Is this seat free?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Yes, it sure is.                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. who                      B. which                      C. whom                      D. when  
Question 27: A. number                      B. finding                      C. figure                      D. factor  
Question 28: A. other                      B. one                      C. those                      D. these  
Question 29: A. however                      B. therefore                      C. moreover                      D. otherwise  
Question 30: A. view                      B. knowledge                      C. understanding                      D. opinion

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality  
B. America's Trash is Asia's Cash  
C. Industry in Asia  
D. The Problems of E-waste

Question 32: The word “it” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials  
B. electronic equipment  
C. industrialized nation  
D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word “hazardous” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. harmful  
B. safe  
C. innovative  
D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries  
B. cause health and environmental problems  
C. be done easily with protection  
D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling

E-waste.

- C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to “bad luck” or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one's successes to personal factors and one's failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures. To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don't always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.



**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

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- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
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- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
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---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 218**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. learns                      C. looks                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. furious

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. generate                      B. familiar                      C. assignment                      D. pollutant

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to open                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. have come                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. came
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. objective      B. positive      C. negative      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.

- A. obstacle      B. assistance      C. impetus      D. encouragement

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. urged      B. free      C. required      D. suggested

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

- A. completely ignored      B. treated as important      C. disagreed with      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for      B. if      C. by      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when      B. which      C. what      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay      B. Paid      C. Paying      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. Communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. They should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from "Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doses
- B. vitamins
- C. minerals
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. play the role of
- B. pretend to be
- C. fight for
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.



Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from "TOEFL Practice Test 2009")

**Question 36:** This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

**Question 37:** The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. interference
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

**Question 38:** The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

**Question 39:** According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

**Question 40:** Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

**Question 41:** The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

**Question 42:** The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

**Question 43:** The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A                      B                      C                      D

**Question 44:** So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A                      B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C                      D

**Question 45:** The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A                      B                      C                      D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- B. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 219

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. looks                      C. learns                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. furious                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. punctual

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. children                      B. advice                      C. hobby                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. impressive                      B. important                      C. different                      D. attractive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. doesn't it                      B. didn't it                      C. does it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. for                      C. with                      D. at
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. would be                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. were
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. despite                      B. although                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. given                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. giving
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. take on                      C. put off                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. stress                      B. pressure                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. orchid                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. daisy

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. artificial                      B. messy                      C. pure                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                      B. parched                      C. dry                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. wanted to continue                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                      D. changed his decision

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Waiter: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."

- A. Excuse me. Is this seat free?                      B. Would you like something for dessert?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?                      D. Have you booked in advance?

Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

- Lucy: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. Yes, it sure is.                      B. You can say that again.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.                      D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. by                      B. if                      C. for                      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when                      B. what                      C. which                      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from “Ten steps to advanced reading” by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality
- B. America’s Trash is Asia’s Cash
- C. The Problems of E-waste
- D. Industry in Asia

Question 32: The word “it” in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials
- B. electronic equipment
- C. industrialized nation
- D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word “hazardous” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. innovative
- B. safe
- C. harmful
- D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries
- B. cause health and environmental problems
- C. be done easily with protection
- D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.
- B. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.
- C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.
- D. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to “bad luck” or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one’s successes to personal factors and one’s failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures. To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don’t always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.



*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

**---Hết---**

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 220

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. finds                      C. cooks                      D. laughs  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. peach                      C. seat                      D. head

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. children                      B. habit                      C. hobby                      D. advice  
Question 4: A. impressive                      B. important                      C. different                      D. attractive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. the                      B. an                      C. a                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. to open                      C. being opened                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. came                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. have come
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. until I was coming home  
C. as soon as I come home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidant                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidential
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. light-hearted                      C. soft-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. negative      B. positive      C. objective      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.

- A. encouragement      B. assistance      C. impetus      D. obstacle

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. free      B. urged      C. required      D. suggested

Question 23: Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

- A. disagreed with      B. completely ignored      C. treated as important      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I couldn't agree more      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I'd love to

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. from      B. if      C. by      D. for  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. what      B. which      C. when      D. how  
Question 29: A. Paying      B. Paid      C. Pay      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from "Ten steps to advanced reading" by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality  
B. America's Trash is Asia's Cash  
C. The Problems of E-waste  
D. Industry in Asia

Question 32: The word "it" in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials  
B. safety regulation  
C. industrialized nation  
D. electronic equipment

Question 33: The word "hazardous" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. profitable  
B. safe  
C. innovative  
D. harmful

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries  
B. cause health and environmental problems  
C. be done easily with protection  
D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

**Question 36:** This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

**Question 37:** The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. procedure
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. interference

**Question 38:** The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

**Question 39:** According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- C. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

**Question 40:** Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.

**Question 41:** The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

**Question 42:** The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

**Question 43:** The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

A B C D

**Question 44:** So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

A B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

C D

**Question 45:** The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

A B C D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.**

- A. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- B. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47: "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.**

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48: I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.**

- A. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.

—Hết —

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 221

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. helps                      B. finds                      C. cooks                      D. laughs  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. lesson                      C. review                      D. study  
Question 4: A. generate                      B. familiar                      C. assignment                      D. pollutant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. doesn't it                      C. didn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. would be                      B. am                      C. were                      D. will be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. despite                      B. although                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. given                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. giving
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put on                      C. take on                      D. put off
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. stress                      B. pressure                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. poppy                      B. daisy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. pure                                      B. messy                                      C. artificial                                      D. stable

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                                      B. greatly                                      C. negatively                                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. moist                                      B. parched                                      C. dry                                      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. wanted to continue                                      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us                                      D. changed his decision

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to                                      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so                                      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish                                      B. No, go ahead  
C. No, of course                                      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential 1" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. whom                                      B. which                                      C. who                                      D. when  
Question 27: A. number                                      B. finding                                      C. figure                                      D. factor  
Question 28: A. those                                      B. one                                      C. other                                      D. these  
Question 29: A. however                                      B. therefore                                      C. moreover                                      D. otherwise  
Question 30: A. view                                      B. knowledge                                      C. opinion                                      D. understanding

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from "Ten steps to advanced reading" by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality                      B. America's Trash is Asia's Cash  
C. Industry in Asia    D. The Problems of E-waste

Question 32: The word "it" in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. electronic equipment                                      B. recycling materials  
C. industrialized nation                                      D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word "hazardous" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. harmful    B. safe    C. innovative                                      D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries              B. be done easily with protection  
C. cause health and environmental problems              D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. assistance
- B. interference
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. cognitive effect
- C. halo effect
- D. contrast effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: *Guilliver's Travels* were my favourite book when I was a kid.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: When taking part in winter sports, one should wear clothing that is lightweight, warmth, and

- A
- B
- C

suitable for the activity.

D

Question 45: In order to end the dispute, we need some impartial advice from an uninterested third party.

- A
- B
- C
- D



*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

—Hết —

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mã đề: 222**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. starts                      B. learns                      C. looks                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. furious                      D. frustrate

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. assignment                      B. familiar                      C. generate                      D. pollutant

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. the                      C. an                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to be opened                      D. to open
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. came                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. have come
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. heart                      B. soul                      C. spirit                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. make ends meet                      C. turn the page                      D. tie the knot

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: I find it difficult to remain neutral while he is concerned about the matter.

- A. objective      B. positive      C. negative      D. middle

Question 21: A lot of superstitious practice in a country can be a major impediment to its economic development.

- A. impetus      B. assistance      C. obstacle      D. encouragement

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

- A. dry      B. parched      C. moist      D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

- A. changed his decision      B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us      D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so      D. I couldn't agree more

Question 25: Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, please do as you wish      B. No, of course  
C. No, go ahead      D. Yes, let me check it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26: A. for      B. if      C. by      D. from  
Question 27: A. Otherwise      B. Therefore      C. Because      D. Although  
Question 28: A. when      B. which      C. what      D. how  
Question 29: A. Pay      B. Paid      C. Paying      D. To pay  
Question 30: A. communicate      B. communication      C. communicating      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. They should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "They" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. vitamins
- B. doses
- C. minerals
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. pretend to be
- B. play the role of
- C. fight for
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from "TOEFL Practice Test 2009")

Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants
- B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants
- C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants
- D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants

Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. interference
- B. assistance
- C. encouragement
- D. procedure

Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. primacy effect
- B. contrast effect
- C. halo effect
- D. cognitive effect

Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. stands out as the worst judgmental error
- B. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions
- C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed
- D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability

Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.
- B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.
- C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.
- D. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.

Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recollect
- B. verify
- C. conclude
- D. misrepresent

Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. devise accurate tests
- B. predict candidate suitability
- C. devise personnel selection
- D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

- A
- B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

- C
- D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

- A
- B
- C
- D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- D. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

**Question 49: Wage discrimination affects women negatively. This should be abolished.**

- A. Wage discrimination affects women negatively, which should be abolished.
- B. Wage discrimination affects women negatively because this should be abolished.
- C. Wage discrimination should be abolished, so it affects women negatively.
- D. Wage discrimination should be abolished unless it affects women negatively.

**Question 50: The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.**

- A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will never work in practice.
- B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never work in practice.
- C. The plan is too ingenious to work in practice.
- D. The plan is as impractical as it is ingenious.

---Hết ---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 223

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. finds                      B. laughs                      C. cooks                      D. helps  
Question 2: A. meat                      B. head                      C. seat                      D. peach

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. children                      B. hobby                      C. advice                      D. habit  
Question 4: A. different                      B. important                      C. impressive                      D. attractive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: You live in an apartment, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. does it                      C. don't you                      D. have you
- Question 6: Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is the shallowest.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: The children are excited \_\_\_\_\_ their upcoming trip to the zoo.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: Jack got into trouble when he refused \_\_\_\_\_ his briefcase for the custom officer.  
A. opening                      B. being opened                      C. to open                      D. to be opened
- Question 9: If we don't leave within the next ten minutes, we \_\_\_\_\_ late to the theater.  
A. were                      B. will be                      C. would be                      D. be
- Question 10: Harry has been in this city for a long time. He \_\_\_\_\_ here sixteen years ago.  
A. have come                      B. has come                      C. was coming                      D. came
- Question 11: The hurricane was moving directly toward a small coastal town. \_\_\_\_\_, all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.  
A. Therefore                      B. Because                      C. Because of                      D. Besides
- Question 12: I will call you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I came home                      B. as soon as I come home  
C. until I was coming home                      D. after I had come home
- Question 13: The house \_\_\_\_\_ in the house has been rebuilt.  
A. damaging                      B. damaged                      C. to damage                      D. to be damaged
- Question 14: Now, don't tell anyone else what I have just told you. Remember it is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. confidential                      B. confident                      C. confidence                      D. confidant
- Question 15: If you are not sure what the word means, \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. look it up                      B. look down on                      C. look after it                      D. look into it
- Question 16: A lot of scientists are \_\_\_\_\_ further research on the drug to determine the efficacy in treating coronavirus.  
A. making                      B. conducting                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: I know this is a big disappointment but don't take it to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spirit                      B. soul                      C. heart                      D. mind
- Question 18: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
A. kind-hearted                      B. soft-hearted                      C. light-hearted                      D. wholehearted
- Question 19: After a six-year relation, Martha and Billy have decided to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. break the bank                      B. tie the knot                      C. turn the page                      D. make ends meet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

Question 21: Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

A. positively  
B. negatively  
C. greatly  
D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: Most members of the camel family are found in arid habitats all over the world.

A. moist  
B. parched  
C. dry  
D. cold

Question 23: Although we argued with him for a long time, he stood his ground.

A. changed his decision  
B. refused to change his decision  
C. felt sorry for us  
D. wanted to continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: A waiter is talking to a man in a restaurant.

- Walter: "\_\_\_\_\_"  
- Man: "No, thanks. I'm full already."  
A. Would you like something for dessert?  
C. Excuse me. Where is your seat?  
Question 25: Anne is making a request to Lucy.

- Anne: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"  
- Lucy: "\_\_\_\_\_"  
A. Yes, it sure is.  
C. Sorry, I have no idea.  
B. You can say that again.  
D. Not at all. Help yourself.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

#### School lunch

Research has shown that over half of the children in Britain (26) \_\_\_\_\_ take their own lunches to school do not eat properly in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to provide meals at lunch time. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch in the school canteen.

One surprising (27) \_\_\_\_\_ of this research is that school meals are much healthier than (28) \_\_\_\_\_ brought in from home. There are strict standards for the preparation of school meals, which have to include fruit, vegetables, meat and a dairy item. Lunchboxes examined by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars; (29) \_\_\_\_\_, the children consume an unhealthy amount of sugar at lunchtime.

The research will provide a better (30) \_\_\_\_\_ of why the percentage of overweight students in Britain has increased in the last decade. Children can easily develop bad eating habits at this age, and it's important to try and do something to prevent it.

(Adapted from "First Exams Essential!" by Charles Osbourne)

- Question 26: A. who  
B. which  
C. whom  
D. when
- Question 27: A. number  
B. finding  
C. figure  
D. factor
- Question 28: A. other  
B. one  
C. those  
D. these
- Question 29: A. however  
B. therefore  
C. moreover  
D. otherwise
- Question 30: A. view  
B. knowledge  
C. understanding  
D. opinion



Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

Vitamins, taken in tiny doses, are a major group of organic compounds that regulate the mechanisms by which the body converts food into energy. **They** should not be confused with minerals, which are inorganic in their makeup. Although in general the naming of vitamins followed the alphabetical order of their identification, the nomenclature of individual substances may appear to be somewhat random and disorganized. Among the 13 vitamins known today, five are produced in the body. Because the body produces sufficient quantities of some but not all vitamins, they must be supplemented in the daily diet. Although each vitamin has its specific designation and cannot be replaced by another compound, a lack of one vitamin can interfere with the processing of another. When a lack of even one vitamin in a diet is continual, a vitamin deficiency may result.

The best way for an individual to ensure a necessary supply of vitamins is to maintain a balanced diet that includes a variety of foods and provides adequate quantities of all the compounds. Some people take vitamin supplements, predominantly in the form of tablets. The vitamins in such supplements are equivalent to those in food, but an adult who maintains a balanced diet does not need a daily supplement. The ingestion of supplements is recommended only to correct an existing deficiency due to unbalanced diet, to provide vitamins known to be lacking in a restricted diet, or to act as a therapeutic measure in medical treatment. Specifically, caution must be exercised with fat-soluble substances, such as vitamins A and D, because, taken in gigantic doses, they may present a serious health hazard over a period of time.

(Adapted from "Barron's TOEFL" by Eli Hinkel)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Adopting vitamins to control weight
- B. The individual's diet for optimum health
- C. Vitamin categorization and medical application
- D. The place of vitamins in nutrition

Question 32: The word "**They**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doses
- B. minerals
- C. vitamins
- D. mechanisms

Question 33: According to the passage, foods \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. supply some but not all necessary vitamins
- B. should be fortified with all vitamins
- C. are equivalent in vitamin content
- D. supplement some but not all necessary vitamins

Question 34: The phrase "act as" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. fight for
- B. pretend to be
- C. play the role of
- D. attest to the fact that

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about vitamin supplements stated in the passage?

- A. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in most restricted diets
- B. Vitamin supplements can be advisable after correcting a dietary deficiency
- C. Vitamin supplements can be advisable in special cases
- D. Vitamin supplements can be advisable before beginning a therapeutic

Read the following passage and mark the letter A,B,C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Suppose that you and three other individuals apply for a part-time job in the parks and recreation department, and you are selected for the position. How do you explain your success? Chances are, you tell yourself that you were hired because you were the most qualified for the job. But how do the other people interpret their negative outcome? Do they tell themselves that you got the job because you were the most able? Unlikely! Instead, they probably attribute their loss to "bad luck" or to not having had time to prepare for the interview. These different explanations for success and failure reflect the *self-serving bias*, or the tendency to attribute one's successes to personal factors and one's failures to situational factors.

Research indicates that people are likely to take credit for their successes and to disavow their failures.

To illustrate: in an experiment, two strangers jointly took a test. They then receive bogus success or failure feedback about their test performance and were asked to assign responsibility for the test results. Successful participants claimed credit, but those who failed blamed their partners. However, people don't always rush to take credit. In another experiment in the just-cited study, participants were actual friends. In this case, participants shared responsibility for both successful and unsuccessful outcomes. Thus, friendship places limits on the self-serving bias.

Although the self-serving bias has been documented in a variety of cultures, it seems to be prevalent in individualistic Western societies, such as in North America and Europe, where the emphasis on competition and high self-esteem motivates people to try to impress others as well as themselves. In contrast, Japanese subjects exhibit a *self-effacing bias* in explaining success, as they tend to attribute their successes to the help they receive from others or to the ease of the task, while downplaying the importance of their ability. When they fail, Japanese subjects are more self-critical than subjects from individualistic cultures. They are more likely to accept responsibility for their failures and to use their setbacks as an impetus for self-improvement. Studies have also failed to find the Western self-serving bias in Nepalese and Chinese samples.

(Adapted from "Psychology applied to modern life: Adjustment in the 21<sup>st</sup> century" by Wayne Weiten and Margaret Lloyd)

Question 36: Which is the most suitable title for the passage?

- A. People's Attitudes towards Success and Failure
- B. The Japanese and Self-effacing Bias
- C. Westerners and Self-serving Bias
- D. How People Take Credit for Success

Question 37: The word "disavow" in paragraph 2 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. believe in
- B. deny responsibility for
- C. doubt the truth of
- D. promise to correct

Question 38: According to paragraph 2, what happened in the experiment where participants were friends?

- A. Participants blamed their partners for failure.
- B. Participants rushed to take credit.
- C. Participants didn't claim success.
- D. Self-serving bias was less obvious.

Question 39: The word "they" in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Japanese subjects
- B. Western subjects
- C. Western societies
- D. successes

Question 40: The word "impetus" in paragraph 3 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a force that encourages an action
- B. something that delays a process
- C. a new idea or method
- D. a powerful impact

Question 41: According to the passage, Japanese people tend to attribute their success to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. high self-esteem
- B. a strong desire for self-improvement
- C. the assistance received from others
- D. their own superior skills

Question 42: Which statement is TRUE, according to the passage?

- A. Japanese society places responsibility for success or failure on the individual, rather than on the group.
- B. Western societies place little value upon friendship.
- C. Modesty is generally valued in some Asian societies.
- D. The lower one's self-esteem, the more likely one is to blame situational factors for one's failure.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.

A B C D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements,

A B

organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.

C D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addiction.

A B C D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46: Nothing in life is more precious than happiness and health.**

- A. Happiness and health are more and more precious in life.
- B. Happiness is more precious than health in life.
- C. Health is more precious than happiness in life.
- D. Happiness and health are the most precious things in life.

**Question 47: "Have you ever tried water skiing, Tom?" she asked.**

- A. She asked Tom had he ever tried water skiing.
- B. She asked Tom whether he has ever tried water skiing.
- C. She asked Tom whether he had ever tried water skiing.
- D. She asked Tom if you had ever tried water skiing.

**Question 48: I'm sure Luisa was very disappointed when she failed the exam.**

- A. Luisa must be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- B. Luisa could have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- C. Luisa may be very disappointed when she failed the exam.
- D. Luisa must have been very disappointed when she failed the exam.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.**

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50: The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.**

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- C. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

---Hết---

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....  
Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề: 224

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. looks                      B. starts                      C. learns                      D. shops  
Question 2: A. punctual                      B. rubbish                      C. frustrate                      D. furious

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. student                      B. review                      C. lesson                      D. study  
Question 4: A. familiar                      B. pollutant                      C. assignment                      D. generate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: The ticket to London costs a lot, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does it                      B. didn't it                      C. doesn't it                      D. did it
- Question 6: There was an accident in this area yesterday. A truck hit the tree and \_\_\_\_\_ driver was injured.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 7: I'm surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of traffic today. I didn't think it would be so busy.  
A. about                      B. at                      C. with                      D. for
- Question 8: The man finally admitted \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for the accident last week.  
A. to be                      B. be                      C. being                      D. been
- Question 9: If I \_\_\_\_\_ in your place, I would make a trip to England.  
A. were                      B. am                      C. will be                      D. would be
- Question 10: It's an hour since he \_\_\_\_\_, so he must be at the office now.  
A. is leaving                      B. was leaving                      C. has left                      D. left
- Question 11: They didn't eat anything \_\_\_\_\_ they were very hungry.  
A. although                      B. despite                      C. because                      D. because of
- Question 12: I will phone you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when I got back from work                      B. as soon as I get back from work  
C. until I was getting back from work                      D. after I had got back from work
- Question 13: Be sure to follow the instructions \_\_\_\_\_ at the top of the page.  
A. giving                      B. is giving                      C. is given                      D. given
- Question 14: The Association of Southeast Asian Nations, commonly referred to as ASEAN, is a geopolitical and \_\_\_\_\_ organization.  
A. economy                      B. economic                      C. economics                      D. economical
- Question 15: We're not ready yet. We may have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting until next week.  
A. take off                      B. put off                      C. take on                      D. put on
- Question 16: After containing COVID - 19 successfully, Vietnam has \_\_\_\_\_ necessary measures to promote the development of the economy.  
A. made                      B. achieved                      C. carried                      D. taken
- Question 17: The manager of the hotel always puts a great \_\_\_\_\_ on the service quality.  
A. pressure                      B. stress                      C. power                      D. density
- Question 18: The two scientists disagreed with each other, and a \_\_\_\_\_ argument developed.  
A. sweet                      B. salty                      C. bitter                      D. sour
- Question 19: After a good night's sleep, he woke up, feeling as fresh as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ and eager to start work again.  
A. daisy                      B. poppy                      C. sunflower                      D. orchid

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 20:** American actor Leonardo DiCaprio has recently posted a short video on his Instagram account, praising the pristine beauty of Lan Ha Bay in Vietnam.

- A. artificial                      B. messy                      C. pure                      D. stable

**Question 21:** Severe droughts in Ninh Thuan in the first half of 2020 have adversely affected the planting of crops in the province.

- A. positively                      B. negatively                      C. greatly                      D. favourably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 22:** In a study, more Asian students than American students hold a belief that a husband is obliged to tell his wife his whereabouts if he comes home late.

- A. urged                      B. suggested                      C. required                      D. free

**Question 23:** Though I persuaded my boss to solve a very serious problem in the new management system, he just made light of it.

- A. completely ignored                      B. treated as important                      C. disagreed with                      D. discovered by chance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

**Question 24:** Hana and Jennifer are talking about the book they have read.

- Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational."

- Jennifer: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I'd love to                      B. Don't mention it  
C. It's nice of you to say so                      D. I couldn't agree more

**Question 25:** Lisa is asking Charles for the permission to use his dictionary.

- Lisa: "Do you mind if I use your dictionary?"

- Charles: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, let me check it                      B. No, of course  
C. Yes, please do as you wish                      D. No, go ahead

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

### THE RECIPE FOR GOOD COMMUNICATION

How many people do you communicate with in a day? Probably a lot more than you did ten years ago. With a few pieces of equipment, we can 'talk' to people in more and more ways, not just face-to-face and on the phone, but also via the Internet. It is very important, therefore, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone to try and improve their communication skills. Despite all the technological advances of recent years, the art of good conversation is still at the heart of successful communication. (27) \_\_\_\_\_, it's a good idea to remember the four golden rules of good communication. Firstly, be as clear as you can. Misunderstandings arise if we don't say exactly (28) \_\_\_\_\_ we mean. Secondly, we have to work hard at listening. (29) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to what the other person is saying. Thirdly, ask other people what they think, don't only tell them what you think. And finally show respect for other people, give them time to say what they want, and show interest in what they say.

If you follow these rules, you will be a good (30) \_\_\_\_\_.

(Adapted from "Ready for PET")

- Question 26:** A. for                      B. if                      C. by                      D. from  
**Question 27:** A. Otherwise                      B. Therefore                      C. Because                      D. Although  
**Question 28:** A. when                      B. which                      C. what                      D. how  
**Question 29:** A. Pay                      B. Paid                      C. Paying                      D. To pay  
**Question 30:** A. communicate                      B. communication                      C. communicating                      D. communicator

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 31 to 35.

E-waste, or electronic waste, is currently the most rapidly growing waste problem in the world, with amounts of E-waste increasing nearly three times more quickly than amounts of other municipal wastes. And E-waste is toxic waste: computers and other electronic equipment contain lead, mercury, cadmium, barium, chromium, beryllium, PCBs, dioxins, and other pollutants. Consumers and business users have to pay recyclers to take E-waste off their hands.

Recycling materials from electronic equipment is time-consuming and unprofitable – at least in industrialized nations. So Americans ship it to other countries where the lack of environmental, health, and safety regulations make recycling E-waste profitable – and dangerous. For example, in Guiyu, China, about 100,000 men, women, and children are employed in taking computers apart – mostly by hand – and extracting copper from wiring, gold from capacitors, and other valuable products. Employees work with no protection for their hands, eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Plastic are burned in the open air, acids are poured into canals and rivers, and lead-laden monitor glass and other components are dumped where heavy metals can leach into groundwater.

Global inequality is at the root of E-waste exportation. In the wealthy industrialized United States, protected by a lot of regulations, wastes are generated and exported. In developing nations with few or no environmental and health regulations, on the other hand, poor people are willing and eager to work for \$1.50 a day to handle toxic materials. A free trade in hazardous wastes leaves the poorer people of the world with a difficult choice between poverty and poison – a choice that nobody should have to make.

(Adapted from "Ten steps to advanced reading" by John Langan)

Question 31: Which could be the best title of the passage?

- A. The Roots of Global Inequality  
B. America's Trash is Asia's Cash  
C. Industry in Asia  
D. The Problems of E-waste

Question 32: The word "it" in the paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recycling materials  
B. electronic equipment  
C. industrialized nation  
D. safety regulation

Question 33: The word "hazardous" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. safe  
B. harmful  
C. innovative  
D. profitable

Question 34: According to the passage, handling E-waste can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. violate regulations in developing countries  
B. cause health and environmental problems  
C. be done easily with protection  
D. be profitable in industrialized nations

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE about E-waste recycling as stated in the passage?

- A. It is fair to expect people in developing nations to recycle dangerous E-waste without adequate safeguards.  
B. Poor people in developing nations should be grateful for the opportunity to earn money by recycling E-waste.  
C. People in industrialized nations can do nothing about the problems of E-waste.  
D. Poor people in developing nations receive inadequate wages to process E-waste.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of questions from 36 to 42.

Experiments have shown that in selecting personnel for a job, interviewing is at best a hindrance, and may even cause harm. These studies have disclosed that the judgments of interviewers differ markedly and bear little or no relationship to the adequacy of the job applicants. Of the many reasons why this should be the case, three in particular stand out.

The first reason is related to an error of judgment known as the halo effect. If a person has one noticeable good trait, their other characteristics will be judged as better than they really are. Thus, an individual who dresses smartly and shows self-confidence is likely to be judged capable of doing a job well regardless of his or her real ability.

Interviewers are also prejudiced by an effect called the primacy effect. This error occurs when interpretation of later information is distorted by earlier connected information. Hence, in an interview situation, the interviewer spends most of the interview trying to confirm the impression given by the candidate

in the first few moments. Studies have repeatedly demonstrated that such an impression is unrelated to the aptitude of the applicant.

The phenomenon known as the contrast effect also skews the judgment of interviewers. A suitable candidate may be underestimated because he or she contrasts with a previous one who appears exceptionally intelligent. Likewise, an average candidate who is preceded by one who gives a weak showing may be judged as more suitable than he or she really is.

Since interviews as a form of personnel selection have been shown to be inadequate, other selection procedures have been devised which more accurately predict candidate suitability. Of the various tests devised, the predictor which appears to do this most successfully is cognitive ability as measured by a variety of verbal and spatial tests.

(Adapted from TOEFL Practice Test 2009)

- Question 36: This passage mainly discusses the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. effects of interviewing on job applicants  
 B. inadequacy of interviewing job applicants  
 C. techniques that interviewers use for judging job applicants  
 D. judgments of interviewers concerning job applicants
- Question 37: The word "hindrance" used in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. procedure  
 B. assistance  
 C. encouragement  
 D. interference
- Question 38: The author mentions all of the following reasons why interviewing is not an accurate way to predict candidate suitability EXCEPT the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. cognitive effect  
 B. primacy effect  
 C. halo effect  
 D. contrast effect
- Question 39: According to the passage, the halo effect \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. exemplifies how one good characteristic colors perceptions  
 B. stands out as the worst judgmental error  
 C. takes effect only when a candidate is well-dressed  
 D. helps the interviewer's capability to judge real ability
- Question 40: Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?
- A. There are only three factors that make an interviewer's judgments biased.  
 B. The differences between two successive applicants usually affect judgments.  
 C. That an applicant is well-dressed can affect an interviewer's judgments.  
 D. The first impression hardly helps with the judgment of the applicant's aptitude.
- Question 41: The word "confirm" used in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. recollect  
 B. verify  
 C. conclude  
 D. misrepresent
- Question 42: The word "this" used in the next-to-last line of paragraph 5 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. devise accurate tests  
 B. predict candidate suitability  
 C. devise personnel selection  
 D. measure cognitive ability

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The news on the radio confirm that a serious storm is approaching California.  
 A B C D

Question 44: So far this term, the students in the writing class have learned how to write thesis statements, organize their material, and summarizing their conclusions.  
 A B C D

Question 45: The documentary explores some interested ideas about addition.  
 A B C D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 46:** If we can solve this problem soon, it will be better for all concerned.

- A. It would be better for all concerned if we can solve this problem soon.
- B. The sooner we solve this problem, the better it will be for all concerned.
- C. If we could solve this problem soon, it would be better for all concerned.
- D. If all concerned are better, we can solve this problem soon.

**Question 47:** "What a silly thing to say!", Martha said.

- A. Martha threatened that it was a silly thing to say.
- B. Martha offered that it was a silly thing to say.
- C. Martha suggested that it was a silly thing to say.
- D. Martha exclaimed that it was a silly thing to say.

**Question 48:** I am sure that Sally enjoyed her holiday very much.

- A. Sally should have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- B. Sally can't have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- C. Sally must have enjoyed her holiday very much.
- D. Sally may enjoy her holiday very much.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 49:** The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.

- A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.

**Question 50:** The demand for the tickets was so great. People queued day and night.

- A. So great the demand for the tickets was that people queued day and night.
- B. So great was the demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.
- C. So great was that the demand for the tickets people queued day and night.
- D. Such great was demand for the tickets that people queued day and night.

—Hết —

- Học sinh không sử dụng tài liệu, điện thoại khi làm bài.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Chữ ký của giám thị số 1:.....Chữ ký của giám thị số 2:.....